

SCA128T- Current Type Dual-Axis Inclinometer



General Description

SCA128T is a standard industrial output dual-axis inclinometer, standard current 4 \sim 20mA output, meanwhile output dual axis inclination, can be long-distance transmission of up to 2000 meters. The output signal with strong anti-interference, professional be used to work on engineering machinery and equipment in harsh environment. The product uses the latest MEMS sensor production technology for production, made precise compensation and correction to temperature error and nonlinearity error, small measuring range the highest accurate up to $0.03\,^\circ$ (more precision index, please refer to product Electronic Characteristics), high accuracy , small size, high packaging technology, good capacity to withstand shock and vibration, built-in anti-RF, anti-electromagnetic interference circuit , is particularly suitable for application underground trenchless type of machinery and other harsh industrial environments. In addition to this product is better than the ordinary market product on technical parameters, on the reliability and stability the product is also using the high-end application-level MCU,three-proofing PCB board, imported cable, wide temperature shielded metal enclosure and other measures to improve product industrial level.

Features

- •Dual-Axis Inclinometer
- Accuracy :refer to the technical data
- •Output interface : 4-20mA
- ●IP67 protection class
- •Resolution: 0.01°

Application:

- •Engineering vehicles automatic leveling
- •Aerial platform vehicle, lifter safety & protection
- Underground drill posture navigation
- •Based on the angle direction measurement
- The different content of the design of the d
- Equipment level control
- Mining machinary, oil-well drilling equipment

- Measuring Range :±1~±90° optional
- Wide voltage input: 9~36V
- •Wide temperature working: -40∼+85°C
- •Highly anti-vibration performance >2000g
- •Small Volume: 90×40×26mm (customized)
- Bridge & dam detection
- •Medical facilities angle control
- Shield pipe jacking application
- •Geological equipment inclined monitoring
- Directional satellite communications antenna pitching angle measurement
 - •Alignment control , curve control





SCA128T- Current Type Dual-Axis Inclinometer

Electronic Characteristics

Parameters	Conditions	Min	Standard	Max	Unit
Power supply	Standard	9	12、24	36	V
Working current			50		mA
Output overload	Resistive		400	1000	Ω
Working temperature		-40		+85	$^{\circ}$ C
Store temperature		-55		+125	°C

Technical Data

Parameters	Conditions	SCA128T-10	SCA128T-30	SCA128T-60	SCA128T-9	0 unit
Measuring		±10	±30	±60	±90	0
range						
Measuring axis		X,Y	X,Y	X,Y	X,Y	
Zero output	0° output	12	12	12	12	MA
Resolution		0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0
Absolute		0.02	0.05	0.08	0.1	0
accuracy						
Long term		0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	
stability						
Zero	-40∼85°	±0.006	±0.006	±0.006	±0.006	°/°C
temperature						
coefficient						
Sensitivity	-40∼85°	≤100	≤100	≤100	≤100	ppm/℃
temperature						
coefficient						
Power on time		0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	S
Response time		0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	S
Response		1~20	1~20	1~20	1~20	Hz
frequency						
Electromagneti	According to EN61000 and GBT17626					
c compatibility						
MTBF	≥50000hours/times					
Insulation						
Resistance	≥100M					
Shockproof	100g@11ms、3Times/Axis(half sinusoid))					
Anti-vibration	10grms、10∼1000Hz					
Protection	IP67					
glass						
Cables	Standard 1M length wearproof grease proofing wide temperature					
	Shielded	Shielded cables4*0.4mm2				
Weight			120g(withou	ıt cable)		

^{*} This Technical data only list \pm 10 °, \pm 30 °, \pm 60 °, \pm 90 ° series for reference, other measuring range please refer to the adjacent parameters

PM Instrumentation | 47 Avenue de l'Europe | F-92400 Courbevoie | France +33(0)1 46 91 93 32 | contact@pm-instrumentation.com | www.pm-instrumentation.com



SCA128T- Current Type Dual-Axis Inclinometer

Key words:

Resolution: Refers to the sensor in measuring range to detect and identify the smallest changed value.

Absolute accuracy: Refers to in the normal temperature circumstances, the sensor absolute linearity, repeatability, hysteresis, zero deviation, and transverse error comprehensive error.

Long term stability: Refers to the sensors in normal temperature conditions, the deviation between the maximum and minimum values after a year's long time work.

Response time: Refers to the sensor in an angle change, the sensor output value reached the standard time required.

Mechanical Parameters

o Connectors: 1m lead cable (customized)

o Protection glass: IP67

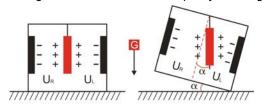
o Enclosure material: Aluminum Oxide

o Installation: 4*M6 screws



Working Principle

Adopt the European import of core control unit, using the capacitive micro pendulum principle and the earth gravity principle, when the inclination unit is tilted, the Earth's gravity on the corresponding pendulum will produce a component of gravity, corresponding to the electric capacity will change, , by enlarge the amount of electric capacity , filtering and after conversion then get the inclination.

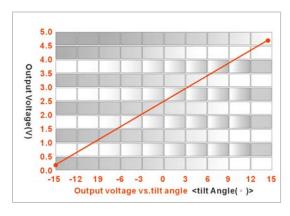


 U_{R} , U_{L} Respectively is the pendulum left plate and the right plate corresponding to their respective voltage between theelectrodes, when the tilt sensor is tilted, U_{R} , U_{L} Will change according to certain rules, so $f(U_{\text{R}},U_{\text{L}})$, on the inclination of α function:

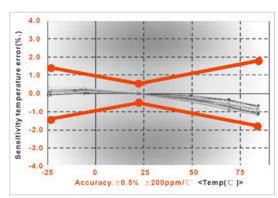
 $\alpha = (U_R, U_L,)$

Typical performance diagram

1: Input and Output characteristics:

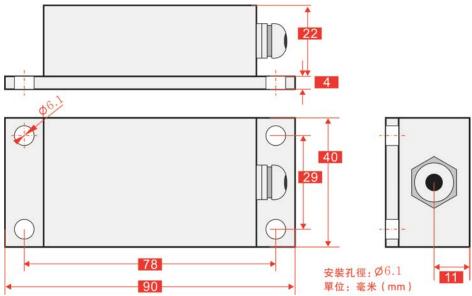


2: Temperature characteristic chart:





Dimension



Size: L90×W40×H26mm

Angle output computational formula

Angle = (Output current—ZERO position current)+ Angle sensitivity

Angle sensitivity= Output current range+ Angle measuring range

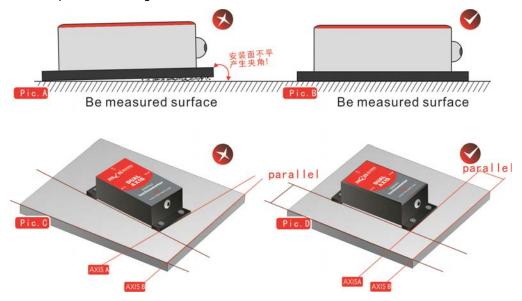
E.g: SCA128T-30-A1 (±30° Measuring range 16mA Output current range)

Angle sensitivity= 16 ÷ 60=0.266666 mA/°

Production installation notes:

Please follow the correct way to install tilt sensor, incorrect installation can cause measurement errors, with particular attention to the "surface", "line"::

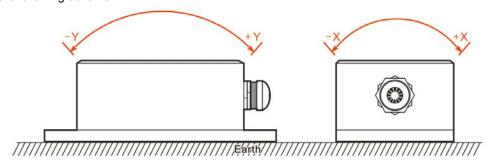
- 1) The Sensor mounting surface and the measured surface must be fixed closely, smoothly, stability,if mounting surface uneven likely to cause the sensor to measure the angle error. See Figure Pic.AB
- 2) The sensor axis and the measured axis must be parallel ,the two axes do not produce the angle as much as possible. See Figure Pic.CD





Measuring Directions&Fix

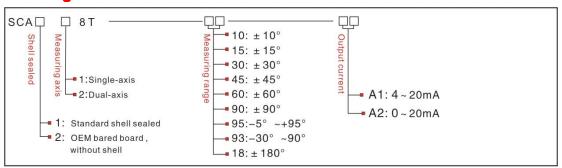
The installation must guarantee the product bottom is parallel to measured face, and reduce the influence of dynamic and acceleration to the sensor. This product can be installed horizontally or mounted vertically (mounted vertically selection is only applicable to the single axis), for installation please refer to the following scheme.



Electrical Connection

Line	BLACK	WHITE	GREEN	RED
color				
function	GND	Out X	Out Y	Vcc
	Power negative	X Axis output current	Y Axis output current	Power supply
				Power positive

Ordering information:



E.g: SCA128T-10-A1: Dual-axis /Standard /±10° Measuring range /4-20mA Output current